





NANDA-I diagnoses in perioperative care an integrative review

C. Ramacciani Isemann*, E. Rinaldini**, G. Rossi*, L. Righi*
*Azienda USL Toscana sud est **Azienda USL Toscana centro







Background

From the second half of the **1980s**, use of evidence-based documentation tools was emphasized in order to **improve** the **nursing process** in **perioperative care**.







Aim

To identify the current NANDA-I nursing diagnoses (ND) documented in perioperative care.







Methods

An integrative review was performed searching MEDLINE and CINAHL databases.







Methods

The review was conducted and reported using the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyzes (PRISMA) check-list and the 5-step approach suggested for the integrative reviews.







The **search** generated **858** articles; after the **exclusion** process and **snowballing** of the results, **11** articles fit for inclusion in the final review.







All included articles were setted in Brazil.









Single, specific ND
 → Post-operative NDs

2 Broader variety of NDs

4 papers were focused only on immediate post-operative care.







Review highlighted mainly potential NDs:

- Risk for infection (00004);
- **Aspiration** risk (00039);
- Risk for **perioperative positioning** injury (00087).







Real NDs Hypothermia (00006), Acute pain (00132) and Nausea (00134) were also reported.







Conclusions

Results point up the role of perioperative nursing in protecting patients from surgical risks.









Grazie per l'attenzione!